



OpenCellular

# Open-source Access Platform

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Facebook

# Why yet another BTS?

....

- ❖ Population density – small clusters, spread across large area
- ❖ The direct “cost” of a BTS is a manageable portion of a traditional site budget. (power, tower, land, backhaul, security, operation/management)
- ❖ Open-source hardware – enabling integrated solution and open ecosystem. (work have just started ...)

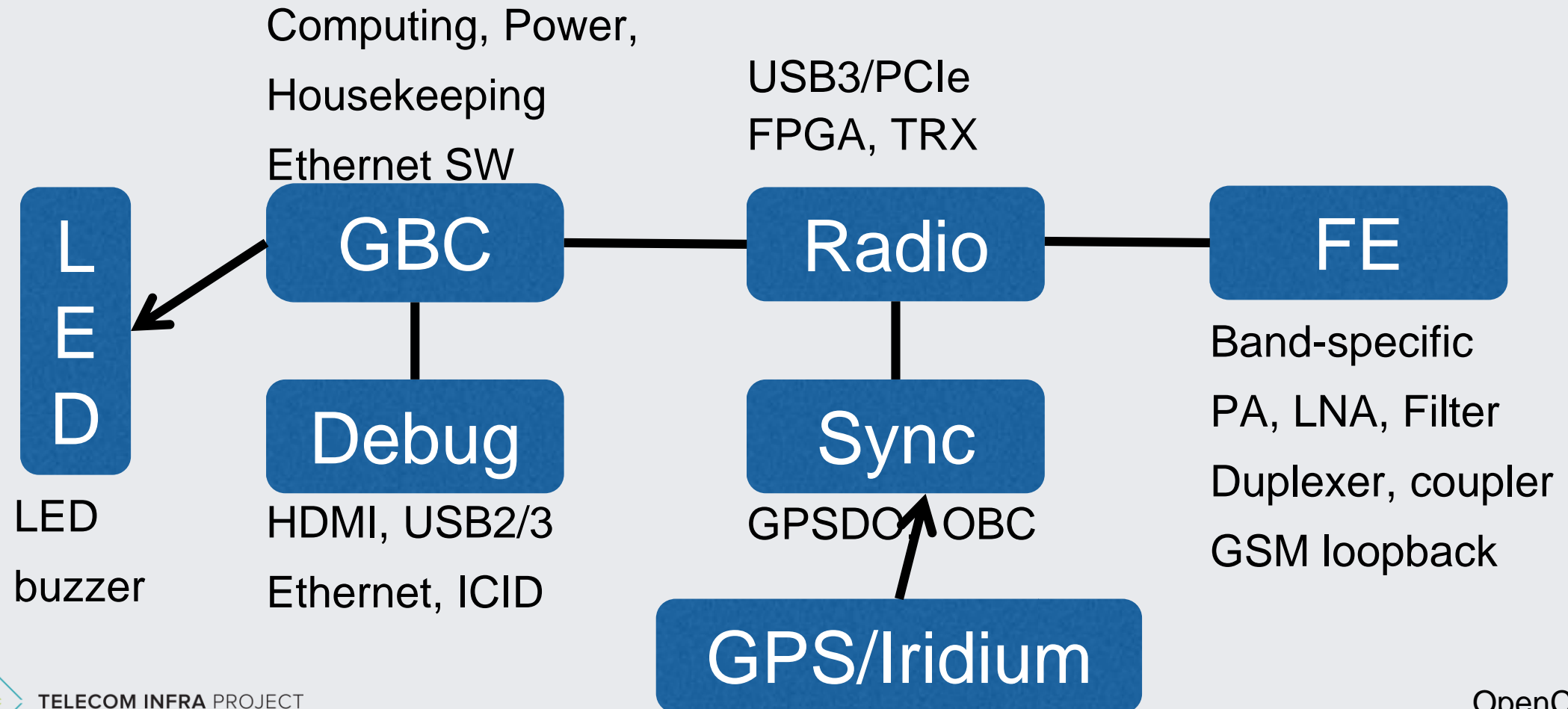
# Architecture

## OC Gen-1: simplified block diagram



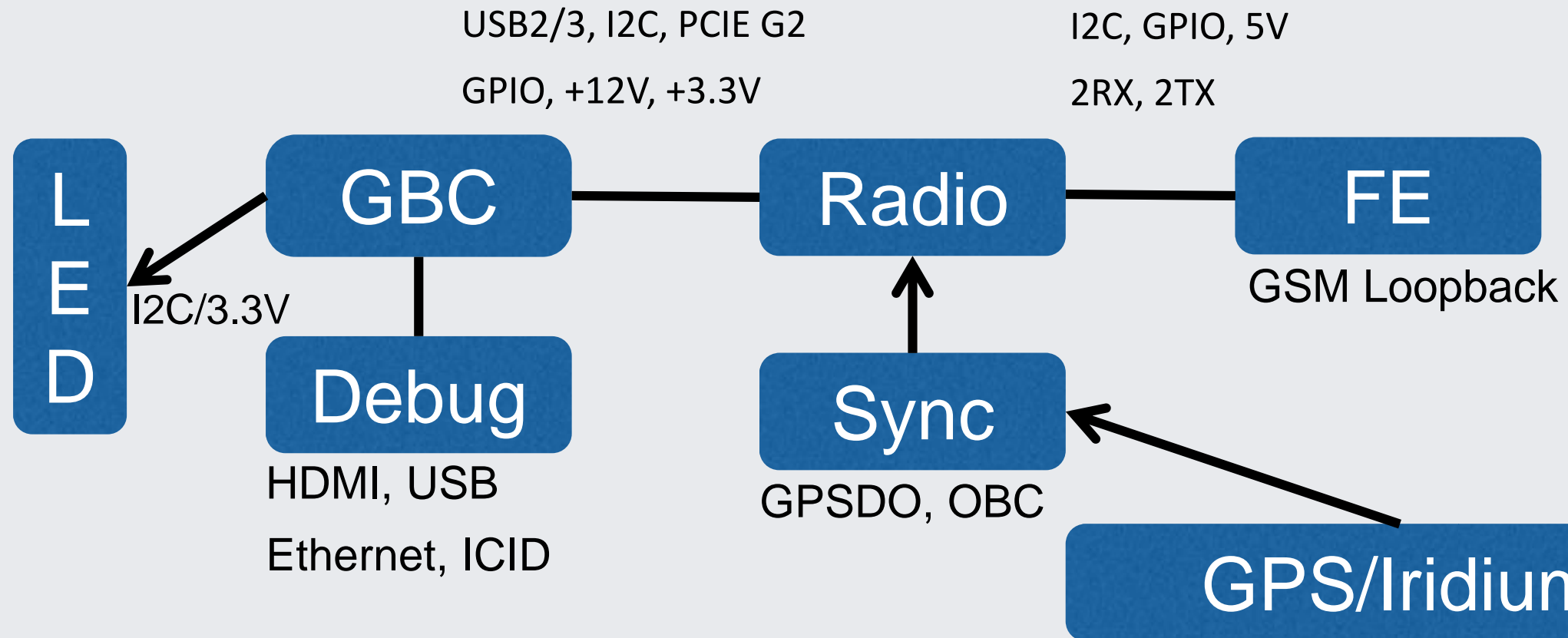
# Architecture

## OC Gen-1: block diagram

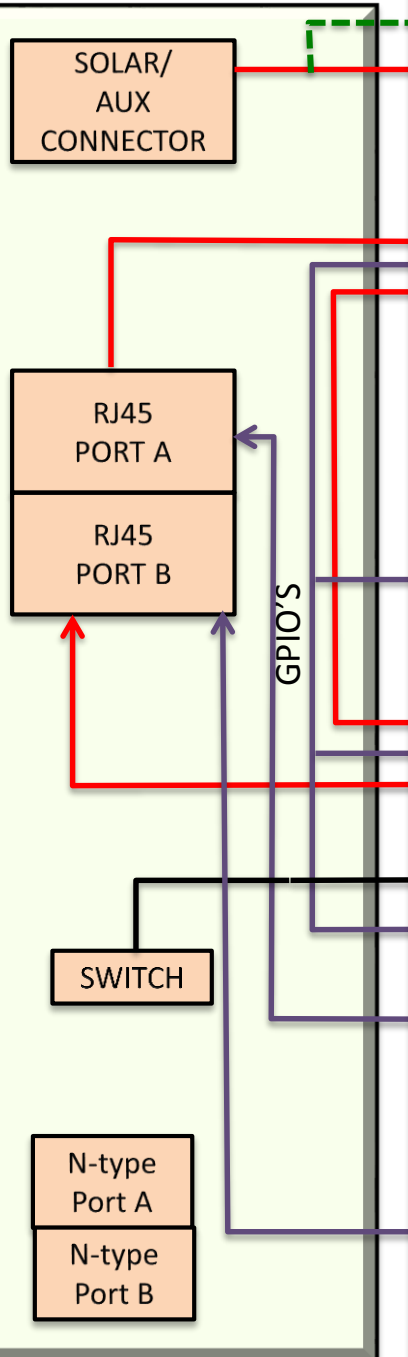


# Architecture

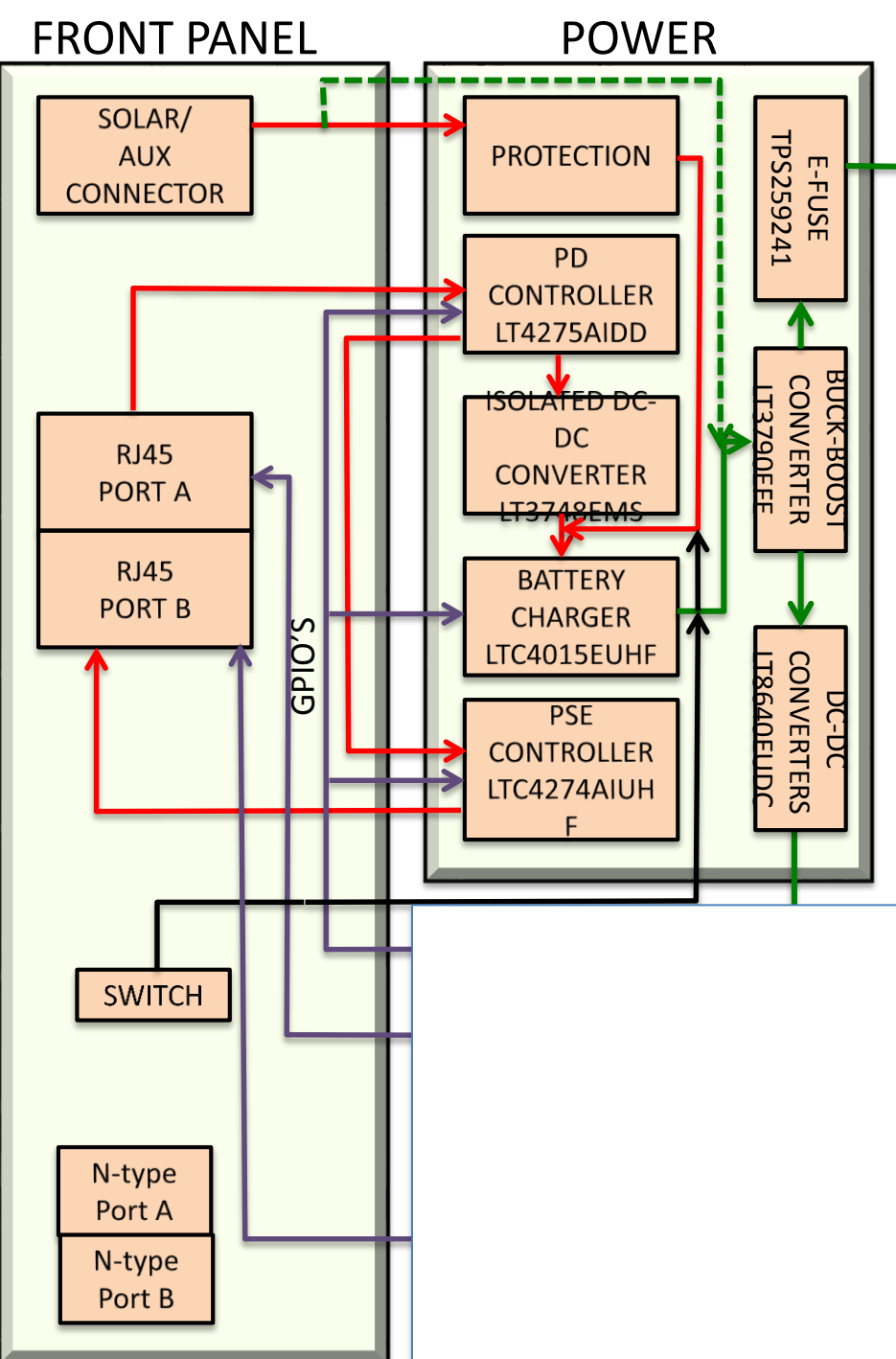
## OC Gen-1: Interfaces



## FRONT PANEL

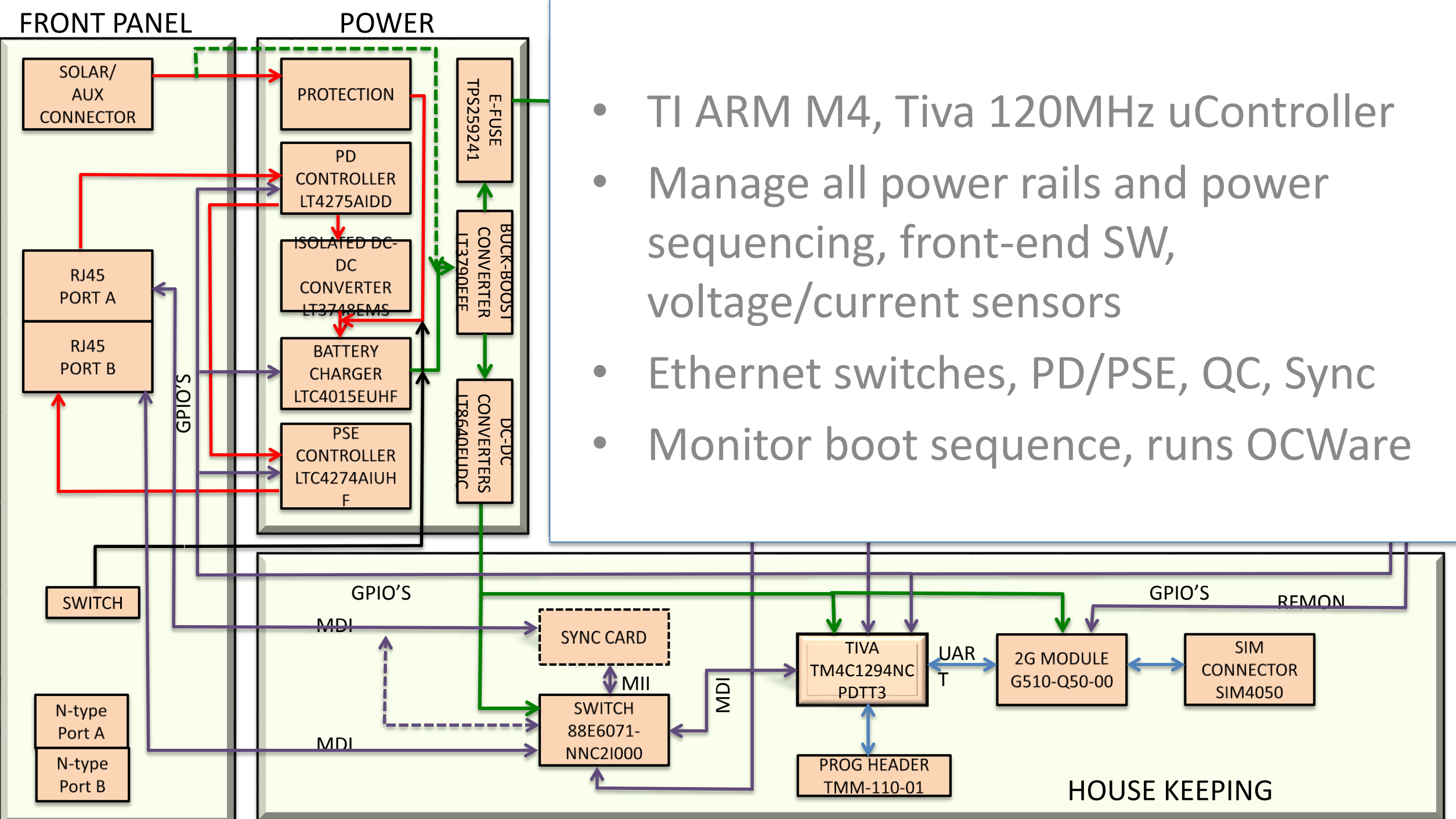


- DC input: 16-24VDC
- PoE: PD (IEEE 802.3at/af/PoE++/Passive PoE)
- PoE: PSE (max. 20W)
- Main power switch
- 2x N-type (two TRX)



- LT4275 PD controller
- LT4274 PSE controller
- Two QC (charge controller):  
internal battery: Lithium ion (2700mAH)  
external battery: SLA (65AH)
- 12V for main rail + housekeeping (own)

- Hard-coded power sequencing



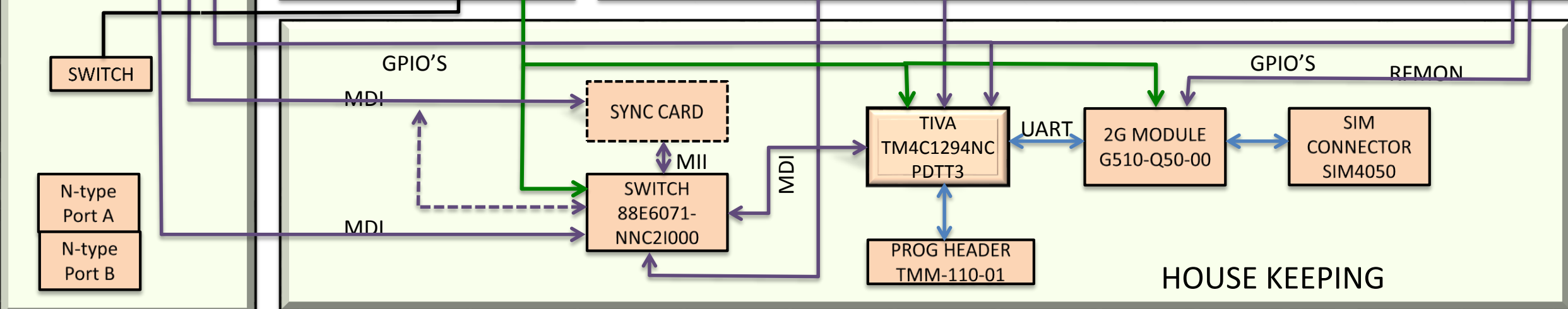
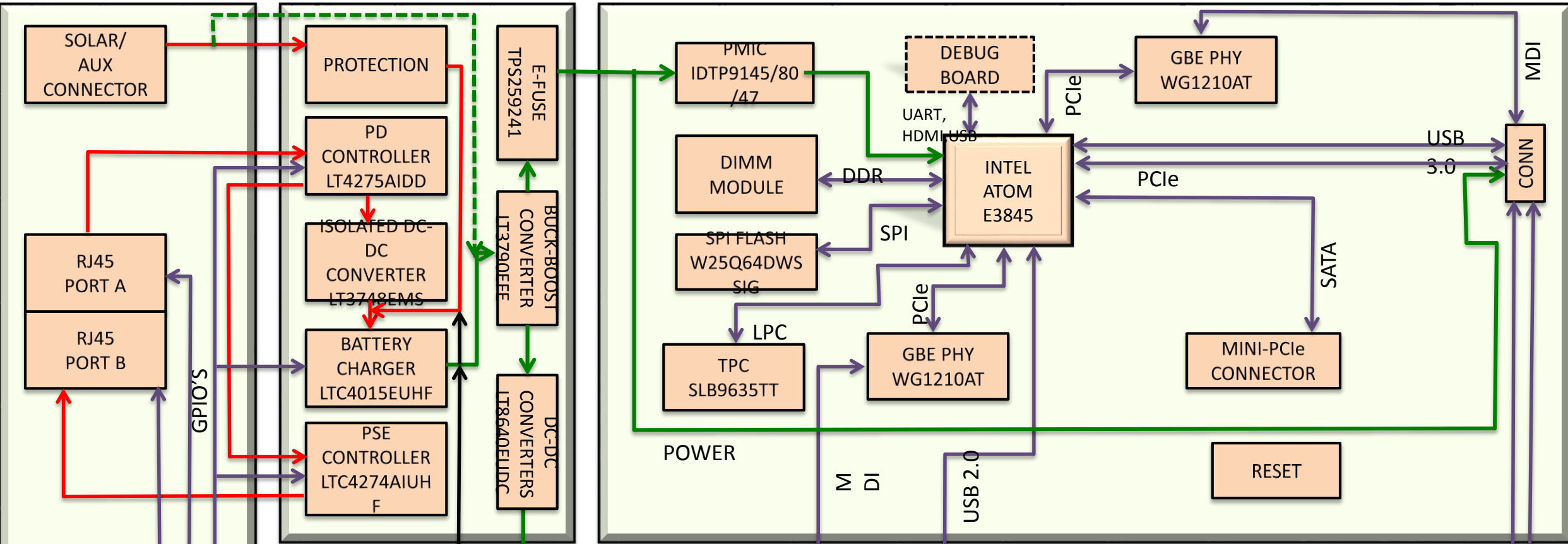
- TI ARM M4, Tiva 120MHz uController
- Manage all power rails and power sequencing, front-end SW, voltage/current sensors
- Ethernet switches, PD/PSE, QC, Sync
- Monitor boot sequence, runs OCWare



# FRONT PANEL

# POWER

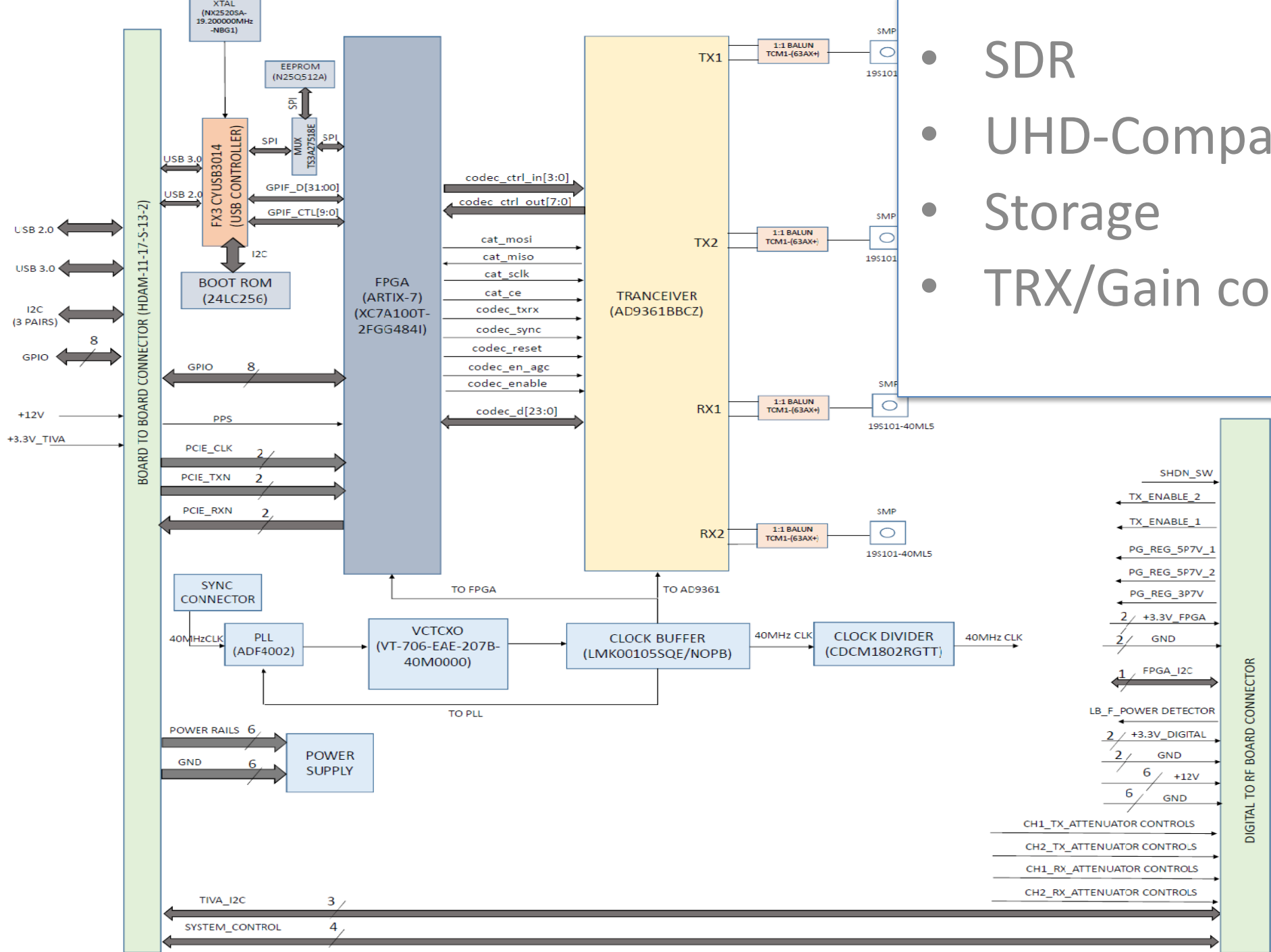
# HOST PROCESSOR



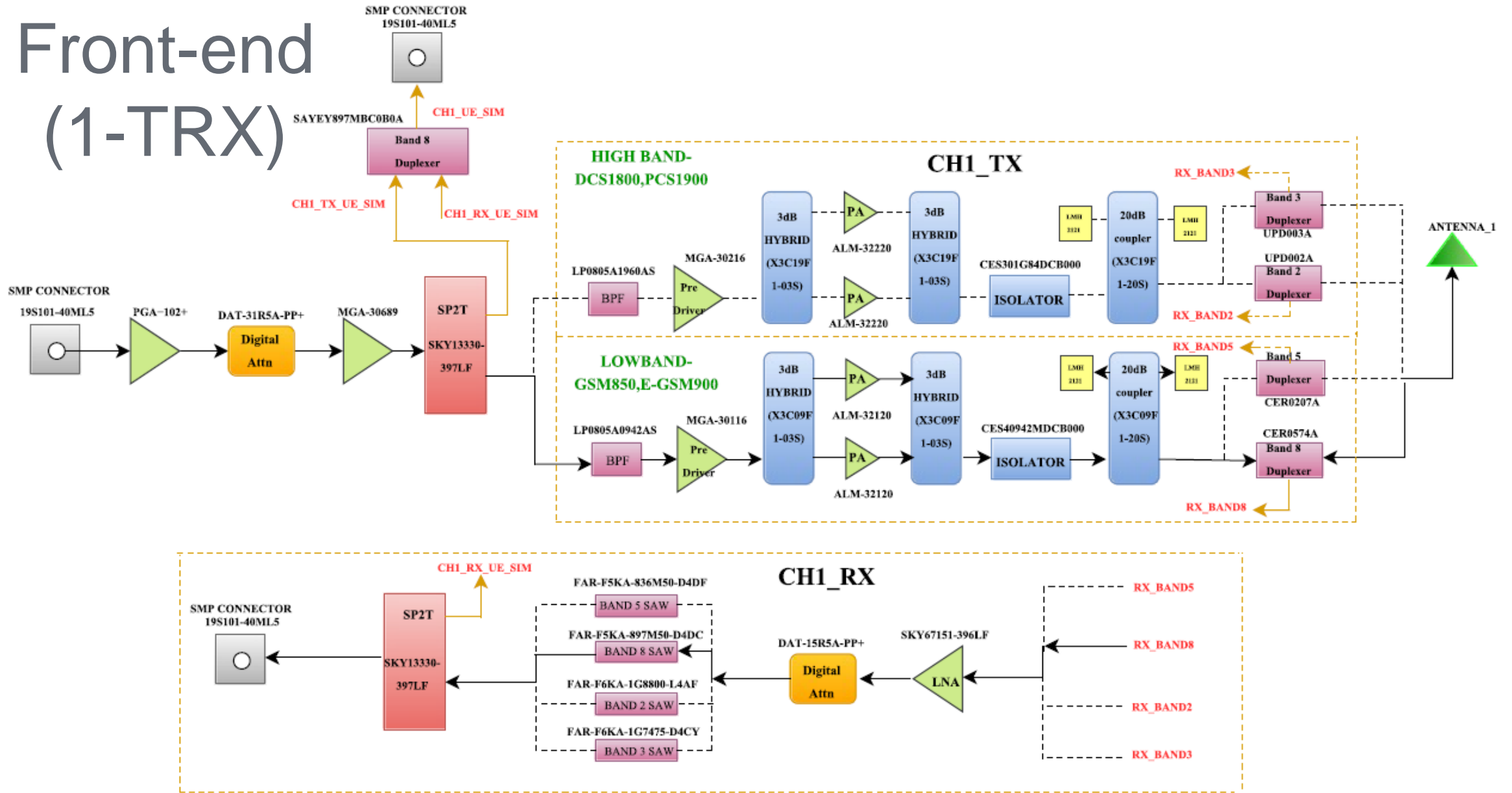
# Radio

- USB2.0
- USB3.0
- I2C
- PCIE G2
- GPIO
- +12V
- +3.3V

- SDR
- UHD-Compatible
- Storage
- TRX/Gain control

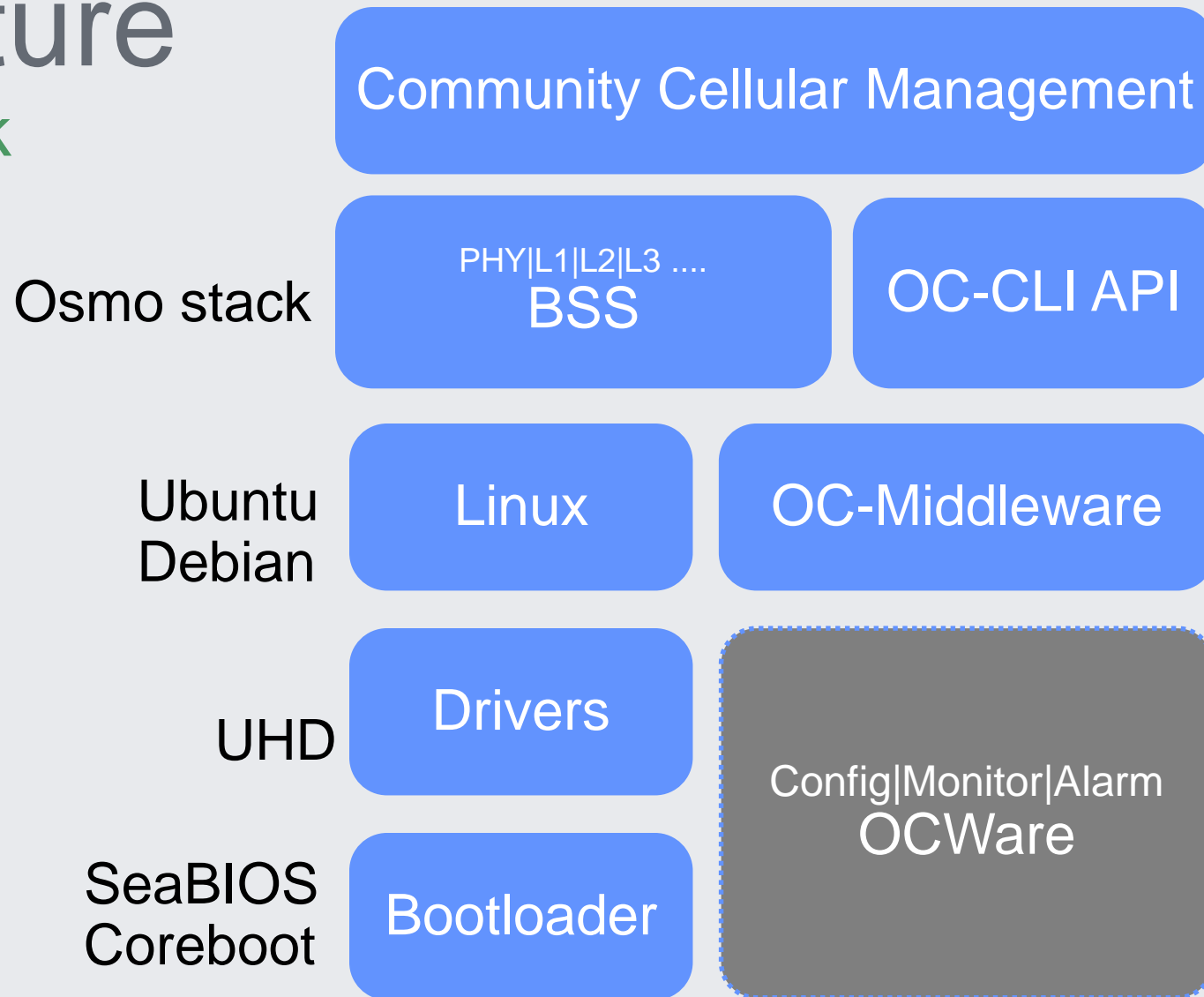


# Front-end (1-TRX)



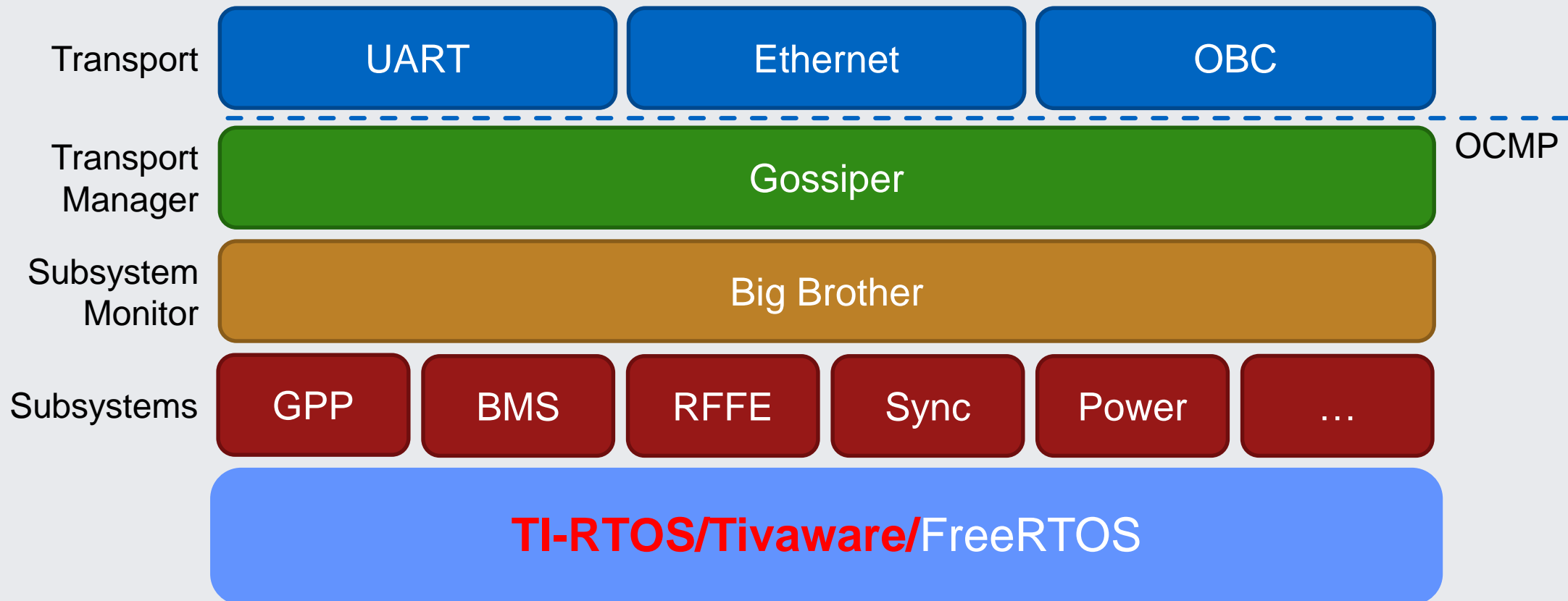
# Architecture

Software block



# Architecture

## OCWare



# Architecture

## Radio

